Appl. No.: 09/973,375 Amdt. dated 02/18/2005

Sup. Reply to Office action of 11/04/2004

Amendments to the Claims

- 1. (Currently amended) A method of treating a traumatic central nervous system injury in a patient, said method comprising administering to said a patient in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising allopregnanolone.
- 2. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said injury is a traumatic brain injury.
- 3. (Originally filed) The method of claim 2, wherein said traumatic brain injury results from a blunt force contusion.
- 4. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said method reduces edema in the patient following said traumatic CNS injury.
- 5. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said method reduces the inflammatory response in the patient following said traumatic CNS injury.
- 6. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said method reduces neuronal cell death in the patient following said traumatic CNS injury.
- 7. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said allopregnanolone is administered in at least one dosage of about 1µg/kg to about 50 mg/kg of body weight.
- 8. (Originally filed) The method of claim 7, wherein said allopregnanolone is administered in at least one dosage of about 4 mg/kg of body weight.

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- (Originally filed) The method of claim 7, wherein at least one dosage of said 9. allopregnanolone is administered about 0.5 to about 100 hours following the traumatic CNS injury.
- 10. (Originally filed) The method of claim 7, wherein the first dose of the allopregnanologe is administered about 1 hour following the traumatic CNS injury, and a subsequent allopregnanolone dose is administered about 6 hours following the injury.
- 11. (Originally filed) The method of claim 7, wherein the first dose of the allopregnanolone is administered about 1 hour following the traumatic brain injury, a second allopregnanolone dosage is administered about 6 hours following the injury, and subsequent allopregnanologe dosages are administered in 24 hour intervals.
- 12. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said allopregnanolone is administered by intraperitoneal, subcutaneous, intravenous or intracerebroventricular administration or any combination thereof.

13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises a carrier comprising cyclodextrin.
- 15. (Originally filed) The method of claim 1, wherein said composition further comprises at least one other neurotrophic agent.
- 16. (Previously presented) A method of decreasing neurodegeneration on a population of cells in a patient following a traumatic injury to the central nervous system, said method comprising administering to the patient in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition

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comprising a therapeutically effective dose of allopregnanolone, wherein said dose produces a neuroprotective effect in the patient.

- 17. (Originally filed) The method of claim 16, wherein said traumatic CNS injury is a traumatic brain injury.
- 18. (Originally filed) The method of claim 17, wherein the neurodegeneration is associated with cerebral edema.
- 19. (Originally filed) The method of claim 17, wherein the neurodegeneration is associated with a blunt force contusion.
- 20. (Originally filed) The method of claim 17, wherein the neurodegeneration is associated with an inflammatory response.